ANDERSON, DR. THOMAS - Born in Buckingham County, Virginia, June 16, 1789 and died in Round Rock, Texas, April 26, 1857. He was a son of Richard Anderson who was born July 19, 1761, and was a Captain in the Continental Army in the Revolutionary War. He died May 12, 1835.

On December 21, 1815 Dr. Thomas Anderson, subject of this sketch, married Chloe Glascock, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Sanford) Glascock. She died September 5, 1819 and on February 6, 1824 he married Sarah Tunstell, who died in Virginia before February, 1835.

Dr. Anderson had two children by his first marriage, John D. and Washington Anderson. With them he came to Texas in February, 1835 and on March 14th of that year he received title to a league of land in Milam’s Colony situated in the present County of Travis. On February 12, 1838 he was issued a First Class Headright Certificate by the Board of Land Commissioners of Bastrop County and in it it is stated that he arrived in Texas in 1835.

That Dr. Anderson served in the Army of Texas, as well as his two sons, John D. and Washington, is shown by the following letter from him to Captain Jesse Billingsley:
Inclosed you will find the discharges of my two sons and an order of Will Bugg, Quartermaster Sergeant of ranging company also all of which I wish (to have) audited.

I have also enclosed the certificate (signed by) yourself and (Edward) Burleson in favor of my children for 640 acres of land. I do not deem it necessary to inclose my discharge as I presume you will be able with the assistance of Col. Burleson to establish my claim for 640 acres, without any other assistance than that which you both are in full possession of.

(This letter in 1954 was in possession of Mrs. Fannie (Taliaferro) Taylor, great granddaughter of Dr. Anderson).

In the Evolution of a State by Noah Smithwick, Gammel Book Company, Austin, Texas, page 262, it is stated:

"Austin was an exceedingly healthy location for medics, the fraternity being represented by Drs. Cook Johnson, and Chalmers, with old Doctor Anderson of Mobber's Prairie to fall back on in critical cases.

When Josiah Wilbarger was scalped by the Indians and left for dead, then rescued by friends, Dr. Thomas Anderson treated his wound. Wilbarger's head healed nicely and he suffered no inconvenience except to wear a "skull cap" over the wound.

Mrs. Nabel T. Guebedeaux, a great, great granddaughter of Dr. Thomas Anderson, and a great granddaughter of Washington Anderson was residing at 4320 Newton Street, Dallas, in February, 1954. A daughter of hers, Mrs. Harmon Watts, was residing at 4611 Valerie, Bellaire, Texas."
ANDERSON, DR. THOMAS P. - Served under Captain George M. Collinsworth at the capture of Goliad, October 9, 1835. In 1836 he was a volunteer physician in Captain Gibson Kuykendall's company (?). He was among those who were detailed to guard the baggage at the camp opposite Harrisburg, April 21, 1836.

Dr. Anderson's appointment as assistant surgeon was confirmed by the Senate of the Congress of the Republic, May 22, 1837 and again on July 30, 1839. His appointment as Surgeon was confirmed January 11, 1840 and July 19, 1842. He was Surgeon on board the Austin on its cruise to Yucatan in 1843.

Dr. Anderson was issued Bounty Certificate No. 9027 for 1280 acres of land March 30, 1838 for having served in the army from October 10, 1836 to January 23, 1839. This he sold at New Orleans, March 1, 1843 to Edward Owens for $1500. He claimed Texas as his home.